



Lowering Prescription Drug Costs for Americans

President Biden’s lower cost prescription drug law, the Inflation Reduction Act, contains policies that lower prescription drug costs for seniors and people with disabilities across the U.S.:



Caps costs for covered insulin at \$35 per month for people with Medicare



Makes recommended vaccines available at no cost for people with Medicare Part D



Enables Medicare to negotiate prices for certain prescription drugs



Requires drug companies to pay a rebate to Medicare if they raise prices faster than the rate of inflation

In January 2024, two new cost-saving Medicare Part D benefits went into effect:



The Extra Help program is expanding to provide more benefits for qualifying enrollees with limited income and assets



Some enrollees now have their out-of-pocket drug costs capped at about \$3,500 in 2024, and in 2025, out-of-pocket costs will be lowered even more with a \$2,000 cap

Inflation Reduction Act Impact By the Numbers

1.5 MILLION+

Medicare enrollees in the U.S. who use insulin could have an average savings of ~\$500 per year

50 MILLION+

Medicare Part D enrollees in the U.S. can receive free recommended preventive vaccines

18.7 MILLION+

Medicare Part D enrollees in the U.S. will have ~\$400 expected savings, thanks to 2025 policies limiting Part D out-of-pocket costs

MORE THAN 7.7 MILLION

Medicare enrollees in the U.S. take drugs selected for negotiation including:



3.5 MILLION+

take Eliquis and 1.3M+ take Xarelto, cardiovascular drugs to prevent blood clots



1.3 MILLION+

take Type 2 Diabetes medication Jardiance



500,000+

take Entresto to treat heart failure or other cardiovascular conditions

