

HC3 Intelligence Briefing Wearable Device Security

OVERALL CLASSIFICATION IS TLP:WHITE

March 5, 2020

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Slides Key:



Non-Technical: managerial, strategic and high-level (general audience)



Technical: Tactical / IOCs; requiring in-depth knowledge (sysadmins, IRT)



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Overview

Wearable Technology (Wearable devices, wearables): electronic technologies or computers that are incorporated into items of clothing and accessories with can be comfortably worn on the body

- Can perform many of the same computing tasks as mobile phones and computers
- Considered part of Internet of Things (IoT) technology
- Often provides sensory and scanning features, such as biofeedback and tracking of physiological function
 - Features makes wearable technology particularly useful for health related activity
- Examples of wearable devices include watches, glasses, contact lenses, e-textiles and smart fabrics, headbands, beanies and caps, jewelry such as rings, bracelets, and hearing aid-like devices that are designed to look like earrings.



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Wearable Technology Statistics

Wearable technology and the health app market grew 84 million units in 2015 to 245 million units in 2019

Revenue in the Wearables segment amounts to US\$15,376m in 2020.

Revenue is expected to show an annual growth rate (CAGR 2020-2024) of 3.8%, resulting in a market volume of US\$17,856m by 2024.

The average revenue per user (ARPU) currently amounts to US\$43.09.

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✓ In global comparison, most revenue is generated in China (US\$4,800m in 2020).

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Source: Statista, Wearabledevices, smartercx

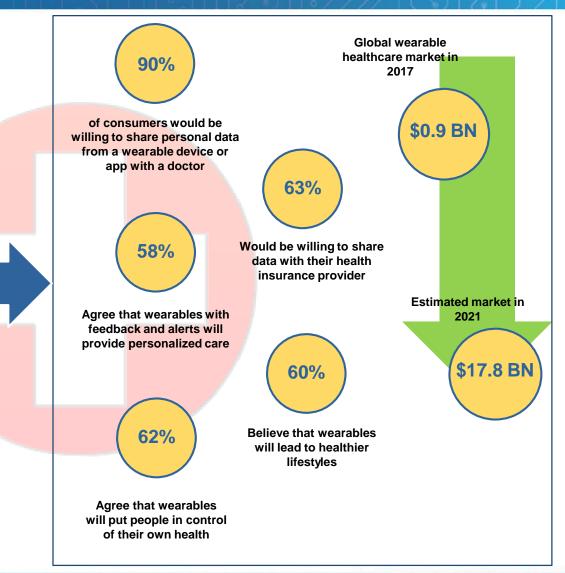
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Healthcare

The convenience and real-time data that wearable technology provides allows many medical industry, insurers, providers, and technology companies to incorporate them into their processes.

- Wearables store and transmit PHIrelated data that is covered under HIPAA
- Despite security concerns, support for wearable usage in healthcare is overwhelmingly positive:



Source: Medicaldevice-network, Businessinsider, wearable technologies, raconteur



Healthcare

Wearable benefits in Healthcare

Personalization. The doctor, with the help of a software can quickly create a program based on the needs of the patient

Early diagnosis. Precise medical parameters in the wearable devices allow early detection of symptoms

Remote patient monitoring. Healthcare professionals can monitor patients remotely and in real-time through the use of wearable devices

Adherence to medication. Wearable devices help patient to take medications on time and even inform medical professionals if the patient fails to adhere to medications

Information registry. The data are stored in real-time, allowing a more exhaustive analysis of the information. Results in a more complete and precise report on the patient's medical history, which can be shared with other medical specialists.

Optimum decision by the doctor. The doctor is able to compare and analyze data to make a sharper clinical decision to enhance the patient's quality of life.

Saving healthcare cost. Remote healthcare via wearable devices mean saving time and mobility, as it removes the need for the patient to be continuously transferred to the medical center.

Health related wearable technology examples:

Fitness Tracker – tracks physical activities and heart rate

Electrocardiogram (ECG) monitors – records electric signals in the heart to monitor heart disease, anxiety, etc.

Blood pressure monitors – can measure blood pressure and daily activity

Wearable biosensors (skin patches) – self-adhesive patch that collects data on movement, heart rate, respiratory rate, and temperature

Smart glasses – eyeglass that incorporate first person imaging, facial recognition, enhanced turn-wise directions, healthsensing, etc.

Hearables – hearing aids that incorporate functions such as sleep monitoring, brain wave analysis, and virtual assistant support

SweynTooth



Wireless/Bluetooth Weaknesses: Technology such is Bluetooth is often used to connect wearable devices to phones and other devices, however, many of these technologies are insufficient at securing against simple threats such as a brute force attack.

- Researchers disclosed the existence of 12 potentially severe security vulnerabilities, collectively named **SweynTooth**.
 - The vulnerabilities specifically impacts Bluetooth-enabled devices.
 - Caused by poor implementation of Bluetooth Low Energy technology on devices.
 - Used on 480 distinct products from vendors including blood glucose meters and MRIs
 - Consumer goods affected include consumer electronics, smart home devices, and **wearables**
 - Many used in the healthcare industry
 - According to the report, hackers in close physical proximity to vulnerable devices can abuse this vulnerability to remotely trigger deadlocks, crashes, and even bypass security in BLE products, allowing them to arbitrary read or write access to device's functions that are otherwise only allowed to be accessed by an authorized user.

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List of SweynTooth vulnerabilities

•Link Layer Length Overflow (CVE-2019-16336, CVE-2019-17519) — These allow attackers in radio range to trigger a buffer overflow by manipulating the LL Length Field, primarily leading to a denial of service attacks.

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•Link Layer LLID deadlock (CVE-2019-17061, CVE-2019-17060) — These trigger deadlock state when a device receives a packet with the LLID field cleared.

•Truncated L2CAP (CVE-2019-17517) — This flaw results due to a lack of checks while processing an L2CAP packet, causing a denial of service and crash of the device.

•Silent Length Overflow (CVE-2019-17518) — A buffer overflow occurs when a certain packet payload with higher than expected LL Length is sent, the peripheral crashes.

•Invalid Connection Request (CVE-2019-19195) — When devices do not properly handle some connection parameters while the central attempts a connection to the peripheral, they could lead to Deadlock state.

 Unexpected Public Key Crash (CVE-2019-17520) — This bug is present in the implementation of the legacy pairing procedure, which is handled by the Secure Manager Protocol (SMP) implementation and can be used to perform DoS and possibly restart products.

•Sequential ATT Deadlock (CVE-2019-19192) — This flaw lets attackers deadlock the peripheral by sending just two consecutive ATT request packets in each connection event.

•Invalid L2CAP fragment (CVE-2019-19195) — improper handling of the PDU size of the packets can lead to deadlock behavior.

•Key Size Overflow (CVE-2019-19196) — This overflow in the device memory issue is a combination of multiple bugs found during the pairing procedure of devices, resulting in a crash.

•Zero LTK Installation (CVE-2019-19194) — This critical vulnerability is a variation of one of the Key Size Overflow. It affects all products using Telink SMP implementation with support for secure connection enabled.

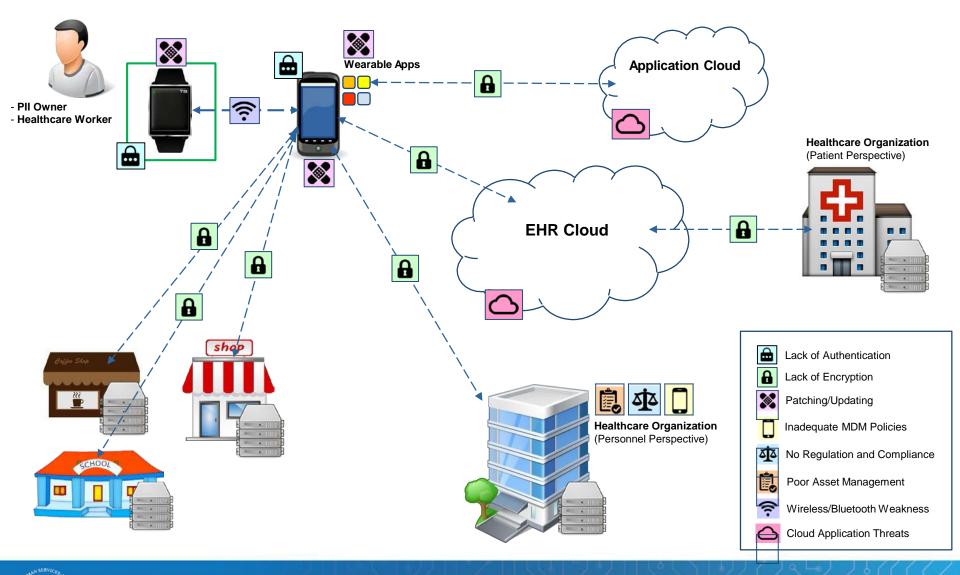
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"The most critical devices that could be severely impacted by SweynTooth are the medical products. VivaCheck Laboratories, which manufacture Blood Glucose Meters, has many products listed to use DA14580," - Singapore University of Technology and Design Report

Hacker News, Singapore University of Technology and Design

Wearable Devices Data Path





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Wearable Device Vulnerability Examples







Summary of Security Vulnerabilities and Security Attacks Found in Popular Wearable Devices (2017)

Wearable Devices	Security Vulnerabilities	Attacks	
Google Glass	Unsecure PIN system or authentication in place [11]-[12]	The gesture-based authentication scheme easily to be recorded by people nearby	
	Privacy: pictures and videos can be recorded without user's consent [11] and unauthorized eye movement tracking [13]	[11]	
	It relies on QR codes for Wi-Fi setup [14]	QR photobombing malware	
	Unsecure network and hostile environment [15]	Wi-Fi-hijacking, man-in-the-middle attacks such as session hijacking or sniffing	
Fithit Devices[16]	Lack of authentication [17]-[23]	Data injection attack [22], Denial of Service (DoS) and battery drain hacks	
	Leaky BTLE (Bluetooth Low Energy) technology [20-21]	It can be easily tracked	
	Privacy: Users location or places visited can be tracked [19]	Phishing	
Samsung Smartwatch	Authentication mechanism not secure enough [22]-[23]	Brute force attack [22]	

Vulnerabilities found on medical wearable devices (2018)

Digitsole Warm Insoles

Vulnerabilities found:

- Exposes personal information
- · Accesses location even when turned off
- · Collects data about your Facebook profile.

Hackers could connect to the Insoles via Bluetooth and change the heat on the insoles to a hot temperature



DIGITSOI

Modius Headband

Vulnerabilities found:

- Accesses location and fingerprint
- Reveals personal information about your body

Hackers could control the device to alter the electric current, causing nausea and general sickness

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Ivy Health Kid's Thermometer

Vulnerabilities found:

- Exposes personal information
- Stores this information over insecure HTTP
- Collects data about names, data of birth, gender, temperature, etc.

Hackers could find and expose information about relationship of each child's family.

Source: Semantic Scholar, Researchgate, VPN Mentor



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Application Vulnerabilities – Walkie-Talkie App

In 2019 Web application security experts reported the presence of a vulnerability in the Apple Watch

- if exploited, allowed threat actors to spy on users of iPhone devices.
- The vulnerability was exploitable through Walkie-Talkie, an app installed on Apple Watch; due to this flaw, people could listen to calls on other users' iPhone.
 - The **Walkie-Talkie app** allows two users to send and receive short audio messages; you need to accept an invitation before receiving the messages.
 - Apple disclosed that a user reported a vulnerability that allowed other users to listen through other people's iPhone without their consent or knowledge

When discovered, Apple disabled the function then released a security update to fix this issue.

• Apple also stated it was not aware of any use of the vulnerably against a customer and specific conditions and sequences of events were required to exploit it.



Source: Threatpost, Security Newspaper



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Application Vulnerabilities – MyFitnessPal

- In 2018, data of more than 150 million users of the MyFitnessPal app were stolen by hackers.
 - MyFitnessPal is advertised as an app that tracks diet and exercise.
 - The breached data includes usernames, email addresses, and hashed passwords.
 - It is still unknown who the breach is attributed to
 - Under Armour, the owner of the app, claims no user financial information was compromised due to the breach.
 - The company also assesses the damage of the breach as moderate, as the app/company does not collect any government-issued identifiers.
 - A year later, it was reported that the stolen credentials from the breach were showing up for sale on the darkweb.
 - The entirety of the breaches data along with along with stolen data from other websites was offered for sale.
 - Hacker's price for all the data: Less than \$20,000 in bitcoin



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Source: Csonline, Fortune



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Mitigation Practices: Wearable Devices

The HHS 405(d) Program published the Health Industry Cybersecurity Practices (HICP), which is a free resource that identifies the top five cyber threats and the ten best practices to mitigate them. Below are the practices from HICP that can be used to mitigate vulnerabilities in wearable devices.

DEFENSE/MITIGATION/COUNTERMEASURE	405(d) HICP REFERENCE
Implement and maintain/update endpoint protection systems.	[2.S.A], [2.M.A], [2.L.A],
Automate provisioning of endpoints and maintain mobile device management program.	[2.L.B]
Develop/maintain asset management program to include initial procurement through decommissioning.	[5.S.A - C], 5.M.A – D]
Apply patches/updates immediately after release/testing; Develop/maintain patching program if necessary.	[7.S.A], [7.M.D]
Implement automated device discovery/maintenance program along with network access control.	[5.L.A - B]
Implement/maintain intrusion detection/incident response program covering wearable devices when possible	[1.S.A], [1.M.A]
Block suspicious IP addresses at the firewall.	[6.S.A], [6.M.A], [6.L.E]
Implement whitelisting technology to ensure that only authorized software is allowed to execute.	[2.S.A], [2.M.A], [2.L.E]
Implement access control based on the principal of least privilege.	[3.S.A], [3.M.A], [3.L.C]
Implement and maintain anti-malware solution.	[2.S.A], [2.M.A], [2.L.D]
Conduct system hardening to ensure proper configurations.	[7.S.A], [7.M.D]
Implement medical device specific security endpoint protection and network access management program.	[9.S.A], [9.M.A and E]

Background information can be found here:

https://www.phe.gov/Preparedness/planning/405d/Documents/HICP-Main-508.pdf



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Questions

Upcoming Briefs

- SweynTooth
- Multifactor Authentication



Product Evaluations

Recipients of this and other Healthcare Sector Cybersecurity Coordination Center (HC3) Threat Intelligence products are highly encouraged to provide feedback to <u>HC3@HHS.GOV</u>.

Requests for Information

Need information on a specific cybersecurity topic? Send your request for information (RFI) to <u>HC3@HHS.GOV</u> or call us Monday-Friday, between 9am-5pm (EST), at **(202) 691-2110**.

