



5G Security for Healthcare

08/20/2020

Report #: 202008201000

Agenda

- 5G Overview
- Terminology and concepts
- 5G Components
- Evolution of 5G
- 5G applications
- 5G Implementation
- 5G and Healthcare
- 5G Exploitation and its Effects
- Defending Against 5G Exploitation
- The Future



Logo source: 3GPP

Slides Key:



Non-Technical: managerial, strategic and high-level (general audience)



Technical: Tactical / IOCs; requiring in-depth knowledge (sysadmins, IRT)



5G Overview

- Fifth generation cellular network technology (Officially called: 5G New Radio)
- Adopted by 3rd Generation Partnership Project (3GPP) international organization responsible for 3G UMTS and 4G LTE
- Several improvements:
 - Approximately 10 to 100 times faster than typical current cellular connections
 - Faster than residential physical fiber optic cable
 - Can handle significantly greater number of devices simultaneously (IoT)
 - Significantly reduced latency: 20 milliseconds to 1 millisecond
 - Customized networks Different networks have different needs for speed, bandwidth, etc...
- Potential issues:
 - High speed/capacity means shorter range of each cell tower, more must be deployed
 - Concerns over health issues
 - Eyesores in residential neighborhoods
- Operates on variety of frequencies, including recycled frequencies of decommissioned networks
 - 2G DCS, 3G ESM, PCS, etc...
- Not incremental or backward-compatible

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No overlap with 4G LTE or WiMax



Terminology and concepts

Some important terms and acronyms that we will use in this presentation:

<u>Millimeter waves</u> – Higher spectrum band (typically 24 GHz to 100 GHz), tradeoff between very high transmission speeds but shorter broadcast range.

<u>Small Cells</u> – The backbone of a 5G network; low-power, short-range broadcasts (much smaller than previous cellular networks). The radios are smaller and lower-profile and can be hung up on street lamps, poles, rooftops or other areas.

<u>Massive MIMO (Massive multiple-input,</u> <u>multiple-output)</u> – Groups together antennas at the transmitter and receiver to provide better throughput and better spectrum efficiency.

<u>Beamforming</u> – A technology that allows for the directing of a 5G signal in a very specific direction, vice an omnidirectional transmission.

<u>Full Duplex</u> – Data that can be transmitted in both directions at the same time.

<u>User Equipment</u> – The user's mobile device which accesses the 5G network.

One source for further 5G terminology is Keysight's 5g Terms and Acronyms: https://www.keysight.com/us/en/assets/7018-06171/brochures/5992-2996.pdf

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Traditional cell tower vs. small cell

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Image source: Wired



Other concepts and definitions:

Virtual Reality – A simulated three-dimensional world experience that can respond to interactions by the user.

<u>Augmented Reality</u> – Similar to virtual reality, augmented reality does not present a total world experience to the user, but instead presents virtual objects appearing to exist in the real world which can respond to interactions by the user.

<u>Distributed Denial of Service Attack (DDoS)</u> – An attack which intends to render the target system(s) and/or network(s) unusable by authorized individuals by flooding them with traffic or bogus requests originating from a large number of attacking system.

Latency – The response time of an information system to a user or agent request.

<u>Multi-Factor Authentication (MFA)</u> - Amethodology of access control which requires the requesting user to present multiple of the following categories of authentication for access to a resource:

- 1. Something you have
- 2. Something you know
- 3. Something you are



Image source: Allot.com



5G - Components

Three categories of components:

- User Equipment
- Radio Access Network (RAN)
- Core network

Note the number of non-US component manufacturers.



Market data is based on 4G LTE market share. Additionally, the network architecture and corresponding vendors are intended to be high level. Further granularity would result in a broader list of primary vendors, including additional American-based vendors.

Image source: Department of Homeland Security - CISA



Evolution of 5G

- 5G How did we get here?
 - Cellular technology is ~40 years old
 - First generation went operational ~1980
 - About a decade between generations
 - Significant new capabilities each generation:
 - Faster speeds
 - Improved memory
 - Improved storage
 - Improved protocols
 - Greater connectivity



The Evolution of 5G

Diagram source: EE Times

Diagram source: System One

Evolution of 5G (continued)

• Dramatic increases in speed over the generations:

5G Applications

- Not available to many yet, but when it is...
 - Self-driving cars
 - Autonomous, intelligent, constant transmission of data for safety/navigation
 - Augmented reality
 - Enhanced real-world; interactive overlays
 - Virtual reality
 - Entire world constructed virtually; constant transmission of data for interaction/navigation
 - Increased Internet of Things (IoT)
 - Physical devices and everyday objects with sensors
 - Internet service replacement for broadband? (Verizon)

Image source: Machine Design

5G CONNECTING THE COMMUNITY

Image source: GOVRPRO

Image source: EMF Explained

5G implementation

- Maps of existing 5G infrastructure:
 - T-Mobile, AT&T and Verizon are the three big providers
 - Verizon has deployed infrastructure to parts of 35 cities
- 5G phones and other mobile devices are now widely available

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10

5G and Healthcare

What are the top 5G capabilities that will apply to healthcare?

- Speed
- Capacity/hyperconnectivity
- Low latency
- Massive device connectivity
- Data-driven insights

What areas of healthcare will be most impacted by 5G capabilities?

- Telehealth/telemedicine
- Remote Patient Monitoring
- Augmented/Virtual Reality
- Large file transfers
- Data analysis

"Healthcare will benefit from 5G technology from countless aspects; it is basically the field that might experience the most changes." - The Medical Futurist

"...at the Austin Cancer Center, the PET scanner generates extremely large files — up to 1 gigabyte of information per patient per study. When someone needs a remote consultation, it could be difficult to send over such a huge file quickly with the currently existing networks. In the future, that might change for the better and lead to more frequent remote consultations." - The Medical Futurist

Image courtesy of Medium.com

5G and Healthcare (continued)

- Wearables and Internet of Medical Things (IoMT)
 - Transmit real-time patient health data to doctors (remote patient monitoring)
 - According to Anthem, 86 percent of doctors say they increase patient engagement with their own health
 - Predicted to decrease hospital costs by 16 percent in the next five years
 - The market for IoMT generally, and wearables specifically, is expected to increase significantly – its already happening!

Image source: ResearchGate

- Telemedicine
 - According to a study by Market Research Future, the telemedicine market is expected to grow at a compound annual growth rate of 16.5 percent from 2017 to 2023
 - 5G technology is expected to enable telemedicine due to the low latency it offers
 - Furthermore, 5G is expected to make telesurgery possible, due to the low latency that it offers as well as its enhancements to robotics, which would then aid surgery

Image source: AT&T Business

5G and Healthcare (continued)

- Other ways 5G will positively impact healthcare:
 - In the future, language translators will be able to video conference with the patient and doctor using models at the network edge with low latency.
 - Robotics autonomously or semiautonomously performing medical procedures
 - Better leveraging of Artificial Intelligence tools
 - Better access to more specialists for collaboration

Image source: China Daily

5G Exploitation and its Effects

- How can 5G be attacked?
- Generally, attackers can leverage greater seed and lower latency
 - Data Exfiltration
 - Opportunities to access more data exist due to hyperconnectivity
 - Stealthiness
 - Many more connected devices means additional opportunities for security through obscurity
 - Disruption:
 - Dependency on low latency equates to vulnerability to disruption
 - The more you need instant communications the more significant the impact when you don't have them
 - Egregious possibilities exist with telesurgery and other medical procedures performed by robots
 - DoS and DDoS attacks
 - Jamming 5G networks

Image source: The Fast Mode

5G Exploitation and its Effects (continued)

Cybersecurity and Infrastructure Security Agency July 2019

5G Wireless Networks MARKET PENETRATION AND RISK FACTORS Select Mobile Network **Equipment Components Market Leaders** Field Programmable Gate Arrays (FPGA) Market Leaders (2017)¹ Data Converter Chip ADC Market Leaders (2017)¹ 1. US Texas Instruments 2. US Analog Devices 1. US Intel US Xilinx Ethernet Switch Chips Network Processor Market Leaders (2016) . Market Leaders (2015)¹ . US Broadcorr 2. US Broadcon 3. CH Hisilicon 4. US Gualcomm 5. US Texas Instrumen Small Cell Market Leaders (2Q18)¹ Antenna Array 1. US Dell Market Leaders (2017) 1. EU Alpha Wireless communications network 3 US IBM 2. EU Ericsson 3. US Galtronics 5. CH Inspur Industrial IoT Hardware Market Leaders (2Q18) Small Cell 1. US Cisco Small Cell Chipset :Ct Power Amplifier Market Leaders (2017)* 2. CH Hugwe Market Leaders (2017) 3. EU Ericsson 1. US Qualcomm 4. EU TE Connectivity . US Texas Instrument 2. US Intei 5. US Qualcomm 3. CH Hisilicon 2. EU NXF Semiconductor 3. US Gorvo 4. EU NXP Semiconductor 5. EU Ericsson 4 US Broadcorr 6. US Cavium 5. US Anadiaics SUPPLY CHAIN **US: United States** CH: Chinese Ell: European Market data is based on 46 LTE market share. Additionally, the network architecture and conserponding vendors are intended to be high level. Further granularity would result in a broader list of primary vendors, including additiona American based vendors. maintenance procedures. Cybersecutity and Infrastructure Security Agency (CISA)/National Risk nogeneemer Center (RRMC) is the planning, analysis, and solibboration senter in the Plantite and Vanage the most intrological list to holistical citical function is a senter and Vanage the most intrological list to holistical citical function is as that theid subplon, comption, or dyshination would have a delibriding citical examplion, comption and when any moved have a delibriding citical examplion. A IntRMC products are visible to autimate a less of comparison product. All NRMC products are visible to autimate a less of

5G is the next generation of wireless networks, building upon existing 4G Long-Term Evolution (LTE) infrastructure and improving the bandwidth, capacity, and reliability of wireless broadband services. It is intended to meet increasing data and communication requirements, including capacity for tens of billions of connected devices that will make up the Internet of Thinas (IoT), ultra-low latency required for critical near-real time communications, and faster speeds to support emerging technologies, 5G is expected to bring security improvements and a better user experience, but supply chain, deployment, network security, and competition and choice vulnerabilities may affect the security and resilience of 5G networks.

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Defending Against 5G Exploitation

- How to defend against 5G threats? Start by asking questions:
 - Who is your 5G provider?
 - What service-level agreements do they offer?
 - What technical controls do they provide?
 - Who will be responsible for ongoing assessment and maintenance of your 5G network?
- Fully update crisis/risk management plans
- Redundancy is critical
 - DDoS protection (zombies ~> botnets)
- Customized 5G networks
 - The one-size fits all approach to security will not work
 - Individual risk assessments become an even more important component of implementing security
- Medical device security becomes very important
 - Access Control!
 - Multi-Factor Authentication

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- Password Managers
- Updating software/firmware
- Monitoring Network Segments
 - AI/ML will have a role in countering the massive data

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Image source: Cisco

The Future

- 6G
 - Academy of Finland funding "6Genesis" an eight-year research program to conceptualize 6G
 - Summit began in March 2019
 - What is it and why will the world need it?
 - Likely to be significant improvements in:
 - Virtual reality
 - Augmented reality
 - Artificial intelligence
 - Latency
 - Speed
 - ???

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Questions

Upcoming Briefs

- Pulse Secure VPN Vulnerability an Incident Case Study
- CIS 20 Controls and HPH

Product Evaluations

Recipients of this and other Healthcare Sector Cybersecurity Coordination Center (HC3) Threat Intelligence products are highly encouraged to provide feedback to <u>HC3@HHS.GOV</u>.

Requests for Information

Need information on a specific cybersecurity topic? Send your request for information (RFI) to <u>HC3@HHS.GOV</u> or call us Monday-Friday, between 9am-5pm (EST), at **(202) 691-2110.**

Health Sector Cybersecurity Coordination Center (HC3) Background

HC3 works with private and public sector partners to improve cybersecurity throughout the Healthcare and Public Health (HPH) Sector

Sector & Victim Notifications

Directed communications to victims or potential victims of compromises, vulnerable equipment or PII/PHI theft and general notifications to the HPH about currently impacting threats via the HHS OIG

Products

White Papers

Document that provides in-depth information on a cybersecurity topic to increase comprehensive situational awareness and provide risk recommendations to a wide audience.

Threat Briefings & Webinar

Briefing document and presentation that provides actionable information on health sector cybersecurity threats and mitigations. Analysts present current cybersecurity topics, engage in discussions with participants on current threats, and highlight best practices and mitigation tactics.

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