Preparing to Apply – Video Transcript

2023
Assister Readiness
Webinar Series

This document is a transcript of the Marketplace Assister Technical Assistance Webinar.
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Welcome to today’s Assister Readiness Webinar Series training video. Let’s get started. This presentation is intended as training and technical assistance for Marketplace assisters, including Navigator grantees and certified application counselors. In this lesson, the terms “Federally-facilitated Marketplace,” “FFM,” and “individual market FFM” include FFMs where the state performs plan management functions.

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The 2023 Assister Readiness Webinar Series is designed as a supplement to the web-based Assister Certification Training. This series is being delivered in two weekly installments to familiarize assisters with the online Marketplace application process ahead of 2023 Open Enrollment, or OE. Each weekly installment includes three pre-recorded educational modules.

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**Week 1 - Helping Consumers Apply at HealthCare.gov**

- Preparing Consumers to Apply
- Creating and Submitting Applications
- Application Assistance Simulation
Week 2 - Helping Consumers Enroll at HealthCare.gov

- Assisting Consumers with Enrollment
- Plan Comparison and Selection Simulation
- Redetermination, Re-enrollment, and Changes in Circumstances

Introduction
The 2023 Assister Readiness Webinar Series is designed as a supplement to the web-based Assister Certification Training. This series is being delivered in two weekly installments to familiarize assisters with the online Marketplace application process ahead of 2023 Open Enrollment, or OE. Each weekly installment includes three pre-recorded educational modules and a LIVE Q&A session with CMS Subject Matter Experts, or SMEs.

Hi. My name is Blair, and I’ll be guiding you through today’s training: Preparing to Apply.

In states with Federally-facilitated Marketplaces, or FFMs, consumers can create a Marketplace account at HealthCare.gov to apply for and enroll in health and dental coverage. Consumers may apply for coverage with or without applying for Marketplace insurance affordability programs. Consumers may also submit a Marketplace application to find out if they may be eligible for Medicaid or the Children’s Health Insurance Program, or CHIP. Let’s take a closer look at the application process.

In this module, we will cover:

Needs Assessment & Tools
How to conduct a needs assessment and the tools available to help consumers compare options and estimate costs.

Eligibility & Enrollment
The steps in the end-to-end eligibility and enrollment process.

Documents to Verify Status
The documents that lawfully present immigrants will need to provide to verify immigration status.

Essential Health Benefits
Always let consumers know the Affordable Care Act requires all plans that are certified as qualified health plans, or QHPs, and sold through the Marketplaces to cover a core comprehensive set of benefits called essential health benefits, or EHBs. In addition, most plans sold in the individual market outside of the Marketplaces must also cover EHBs.

Savings Estimator Tool and Window Shopping Tool
Many people don’t think they can afford coverage and don’t realize financial help may be available. Remember that you can help consumers access the Savings Estimator Tool and Window Shopping Tool at HealthCare.gov before they apply for coverage.
Savings Estimator Tool
The Savings Estimator Tool provides an estimate of the cost savings consumers may be eligible for through the Marketplace or through low-cost or free Medicaid coverage. This estimate is based on consumers’ household income, household size, and state.

Window Shopping Tool
The Window Shopping Tool helps consumers compare plans and offers decision support features. For example, it can show consumers whether doctors, medical facilities, and prescription drugs they use are covered by available QHPs in their area and estimate consumers’ total costs during a plan’s coverage year based on how much care they might use.

Consumer Education and Assistance
Consumer education and assistance begin when assisters set up enrollment appointments. Setting up an appointment is an opportunity to encourage consumers to start thinking about the information they will need to apply for and enroll in health coverage, as well as important things they should consider when choosing a plan.

When making an appointment with consumers, let them know what documents and information they should bring. Gathering this information beforehand will make their application process quicker and easier. If consumers are unable to gather this information prior to meeting with you, let them know that they can enter it by logging into their Marketplace account to update their online application or by calling the FFM Call Center.
If consumers already have a Marketplace account, you should also remind them to bring their email address and password to the appointment.

- Employer information for all household members;
- Home and/or mailing address for all household members applying for coverage, if applicable;
- Citizenship/immigration document information for all household members applying for coverage;
- Income information for all household members, if they may apply for financial assistance;
- Information on how they’ll file their taxes for all household members who will not be claimed as a dependent on someone else’s tax return;
- Health coverage information;
- Social Security Numbers for all household members applying for coverage;
- Personal identification, such as a driver’s license or other proper forms of identification; and
- Other documentation that may be needed for ID verification.

Create an Account

For consumers who don’t have a Marketplace account, a valid email address is required to create one. You can assist consumers with this process if they ask for help. Inform consumers that they can create an email account free of charge through various email service providers. Once they create their email account, you should verify that they can successfully log into it.

Consumers will need to remember their email address and password to access their Marketplace account later on. This is very important. If they cannot log into their email account, they won’t be able to proceed with the online application process.
Scenario

Now that we've gone over some general guidelines for helping consumers prepare to apply, let's see how this might play out in practice. I'll play the role of an assister in this scenario. Let's imagine I'm meeting with a consumer named Lori Gomez for the first time. Let's look at how we can use these tools to kick off our meeting with Lori.

Hi Lori, my name is Blair, and I’m an assister. I’m certified to help consumers with the Marketplace application and enrollment process in your state. I understand that you and your husband would like help applying for health coverage through the Marketplace. I will do my best to answer your questions and help you out.

My role is to provide you with fair, accurate, and impartial information while you create an account, complete an application, interpret your eligibility results, compare health plans, and enroll in a health plan through the Marketplace, if you are eligible.

- Create an account
- Complete an application
- Interpret your eligibility results
- Compare health plans, and
- Enroll in a health plan, if you are eligible.

Before we begin, I’ll need you to complete my assister organization’s consent form. By completing the form, you give me permission, or authorization, to access your personally identifiable information—that is, PII—for purposes related to my authorized assister functions. For example, you might be asked to provide your date of birth or Social Security Number during the Marketplace application process. The Marketplace rules require me to keep a record of your authorization.

One question we get often is, “Can an assister complete the application for consumers?” Consumers should input their own information in an online or paper application. If consumers ask for help typing or using a computer to learn about, apply for, or enroll in coverage through the FFMs, you may only use the keyboard or mouse to follow consumers’ specific directions.

You can also share Marketplace tools or other resources to help consumers complete an application. For example, consumers can compare health plans, find doctors, or determine whether a certain prescription drug is covered under a health plan using the Window Shopping Tool.

Okay Lori, let’s get started. Thank you for providing me with consent to access your PII so I can assist you today. The Marketplace is where you can shop for and enroll in health coverage. It will also help you compare the costs and benefits of different health plans.

Each health plan sold through the Marketplace for individuals and families is certified as a qualified health plan, or QHP, in the state where it’s sold. This means that a plan meets certain requirements under the Affordable Care Act and includes a comprehensive set of health services known as essential health benefits, including maternity coverage and preventive services for expectant mothers.

In some cases, you may be eligible for lower health coverage costs through the Marketplace. The Marketplace makes certain insurance affordability programs available that lower eligible consumers’ health care costs. For example, you might be eligible for advance payments of the premium tax credit, or APTC, which can help lower your monthly premiums.
Some people are also eligible for cost-sharing reductions, or CSRs, which provide savings on additional out-of-pocket costs like deductibles and copayments. The Marketplace application will ask about your household income and family size to determine whether you qualify for these programs.

Okay Lori, when you're ready to apply, visit HealthCare.gov to create and access your Marketplace account. A great feature is that you can even see how much plans cost in your area before you apply.

You don’t need to create a Marketplace account to compare plans in your area. If you’d prefer, just visit the Window Shopping Tool and answer a few questions. The tool will show you which plans might be available to you and an estimate of what different plans might cost.

First, you’ll enter your zip code, and your county should appear in a dropdown box. Select your county and then select the Continue button.

My household income is around $35,000 for the year.

Ok. You can enter that amount and select the Continue button. You’ll also need to enter the dates this income applies to during the year in which you’re applying for coverage. In this case, since your estimated income is for the entire year and you’re applying for coverage in 2023, enter 1/1/2023 for the start date and 12/31/2023 for the end date.

Lori, based on your expected household income and the other information you provided, the Window Shopping Tool is estimating that your household will qualify for a premium tax credit of $1044 per month. Remember, this is just an estimate. You’ll know the exact premium tax credit amount you’re eligible for, if any, when you complete a Marketplace application.

This page indicates that 42 QHPs are available to compare in your area. You can narrow your results based on categories like premiums, metal level, health plan categories, plan types, and even insurance companies. Don’t worry if you don’t understand all of those choices now—we will go over the types of plans and how to compare them in more detail later.

Consumers can choose among various options. For some, choosing the QHP that best meets their needs can seem challenging. Remember that assisters are not allowed to recommend a specific plan or plans to consumers or make plan decisions for them. However, assisters can help consumers understand the differences between plans.

**Marketplace Application and Enrollment Process**

Okay, that was fun! We’ll say goodbye to Lori for now.

Let’s turn to an overview of the whole Marketplace application and enrollment process now. If you’re working with a consumer who is unfamiliar with the Marketplace, explaining the main steps of the Marketplace application and enrollment process will help put them at ease.

**Create Account**

In Step 1, consumers create a Marketplace account. You can help them create an account at HealthCare.gov using a valid email address and other basic information. Their email address will be their username, and they’ll need to choose a password and set up security questions. Consumers should keep this information private and should not share it with anyone, including you.
Verify Identity
In Step 2, the FFMs verify consumers' identities in a process known as “ID proofing.” You can explain the ID proofing process to them. Consumers must answer questions about information collected from public records to verify their identities.

Complete Application
In Step 3, consumers complete an individual market FFM application. You can help them submit information about themselves and their families, including household income, household members, eligibility for or enrollment in health coverage outside of the Marketplace, communication preferences, and more.

Verify Information
In Step 4, the FFMs verify information that consumers have submitted in their applications about each person seeking coverage. This is different from ID proofing. You can explain the information verification process to help consumers understand how and why the FFMs verify personal information.

Determine Eligibility
In Step 5, the FFMs determine consumers' eligibility for QHP coverage and may provide initial assessments or final determinations of eligibility for Medicaid or CHIP. If consumers applied for help paying for coverage, the FFMs also determine their eligibility for APTC and CSRs. You can help consumers understand their eligibility determination notices and coverage options.

For consumers who applied for help paying for coverage, the FFM provides initial assessments or final determinations of eligibility for Medicaid or CHIP, if applicable.

If a consumer is ineligible for Medicaid or CHIP, the FFM determines their eligibility to enroll in a QHP with APTC and CSRs. You can help consumers understand their eligibility determination notices and coverage options.

Select Plan
In Step 6, eligible consumers will compare QHPs. If they qualify for a premium tax credit, or PTC, they must also set the amount of APTC they'd like to use to lower their monthly premium costs. You can use the online plan comparison tool to help consumers compare QHPs.

Enroll
In Step 7, eligible consumers can enroll in QHPs. Once their application is complete, you can confirm that they have successfully selected a plan and tell them about their premium payment options to complete enrollment.

Educate Consumers
You may need to educate consumers on the application and verification processes.
Consumers must supply citizenship or immigration status information for each member of the household who is applying for health coverage. If consumers apply for help paying for coverage, they must also provide information about their household income and indicate whether each person applying for coverage is currently enrolled in or has access to other health coverage.

Remember, a tax-paying household usually includes a tax filer, their spouse if they have one, and their tax dependents.

You should tell consumers that if they file taxes, they must report their tax filing information based on how they plan to file taxes in 2023 for tax year 2022.

Consumers who do not file taxes can apply for coverage as well, and the FFM application will ask questions to help them determine who needs to be included on the application.

Educate Consumers on the Application and Verification Process
Consumers may wonder what FFMs do with the information on consumers' applications. When an FFM receives a consumer’s application, it verifies the information the consumer provided. If the information cannot be verified, consumers may need to submit documents proving their circumstances. You can help consumers gather and submit these documents. Again, it’s important to keep all PII that consumers share with you private and secure. You should generally only use PII to carry out your assister functions unless consumers provide specific consent for other uses of their PII, like following up with them after they've enrolled. It’s your responsibility to tell consumers how you or your organization will use and protect their PII before you help them.

Verification Processes
During the online application process, the FFMs verify personal information for each consumer applying for coverage, including Social Security Numbers, if applicable; citizenship or immigration status; incarceration status; and membership in federally recognized tribes, if applicable. Additional documentation, such as Tribe members verifying their membership, may be required.

If consumers apply for help paying for coverage, the FFMs also verify eligibility for or enrollment in minimum essential coverage (MEC) such as job-based coverage, Medicare, Medicaid that counts as MEC, CHIP, TRICARE, Veteran's Health Program, or the Peace Corps; current monthly household income and family size for assessing or determining eligibility for Medicaid and CHIP; and annual household income and family size for determining eligibility for APTC and CSRs.

If consumers’ citizenship or immigration status cannot be verified, a data matching issue, or DMI, occurs. The FFM may make a second attempt at electronically verifying certain consumers’ status, which can take three to five days.

Federal Agencies Involved in Determinations
The main federal agencies that help determine consumers’ eligibility for health coverage and insurance affordability programs are the Department of Health and Human Services (or HHS) and the Department of the Treasury.

Here’s how each agency interacts with the FFMs.
HHS oversees the FFMs as well as Medicare, Medicaid, and CHIP. HHS operates the FFMs and Medicare. States administer Medicaid and CHIP, and some states also operate State-based Marketplaces, or SBMs.

The Department of the Treasury includes bureaus like the Internal Revenue Service (IRS). The IRS makes tax decisions related to the premium tax credit. The FFMs compare information consumers provide in a Marketplace application—such as their household income and family size—with IRS data to help determine their eligibility for APTC and CSRs.

The Marketplaces also verify consumers’ information with other federal agencies, including the Social Security Administration, or SSA, and the Department of Homeland Security, or DHS, as well as state agencies like state Medicaid and CHIP agencies and certain private databases.

**Working With Consumers Who are Immigrants**

Consumers must be U.S. citizens, U.S. nationals, or lawfully present in the U.S. to qualify for health coverage through the Marketplaces.

Remember, consumers who aren’t lawfully present can still apply for coverage for their family members who are lawfully present. Those applying for coverage for a family member who is lawfully present can do so without being asked to provide proof of their own citizenship or immigration status.

**Best Practices**

The best practices on the screen can help you communicate with consumers who are immigrants and who are seeking health coverage for themselves or on behalf of someone else.

- Provide information about eligible immigration statuses and acceptable immigration documents. Consumers then have the information they need to decide who in their family may have an eligible immigration status to apply for health coverage.

- Share information with consumers about other resources in the community that might be able to help them determine whether they have an eligible immigration status or obtain immigration documents that reflect their current citizenship or immigration status.

- Be sure to correctly identify the consumer or consumers who are applying for health coverage by asking them if they’re seeking coverage for themselves or on behalf of someone else.

- Don’t ask unnecessary questions, especially questions about the citizenship or immigration status of consumers who aren’t applying for health coverage and may live in mixed immigration status households.

- Avoid words such as “undocumented,” “unauthorized,” or “illegal.” Instead, use words such as “eligible immigrant” and “eligible status.”

When lawfully present noncitizens apply for health coverage through an FFM, they may use several documents to verify their immigration status and determine their eligibility.
You can help them correctly identify and enter information from these documents into their applications.

If FFMs cannot verify the immigration status of consumers using trusted data sources, consumers will encounter a DMI. You can help consumers resolve DMIs by helping them scan and upload copies of their documents at HealthCare.gov or mail copies to the FFMs.

As a reminder, it’s important to tell consumers that immigration status is only needed for individuals who are applying for coverage through a Marketplace but not for other household members who aren’t applying for coverage.

Here are three common immigration documents: Permanent Resident Card (also known as a “Green Card”), Foreign Passport, and Employment Authorization Card.

Let’s review how you can help consumers gather relevant information from each one.

**Permanent Resident Card, or Green Card**
From a Permanent Resident Card, or “Green Card” (I-551), consumers should enter their alien number (also called the alien registration or USCIS number) and card number (also called the receipt number).

If a card number isn’t available and only an alien number is available, consumers may select Other as the document type and provide an alien number and description of the document.

**Foreign Passport**
From a foreign passport, consumers should enter their passport number, passport expiration date, and country of issuance.

**Employment Authorization Card**
From an Employment Authorization Card (I-766), consumers should enter their alien registration number, card number, expiration date, and category code.

**Additional Allowable Documentation**
Here are some additional types of documents that lawfully present noncitizens can use to verify their lawful immigration status: Documents indicating membership in a federally recognized American Indian tribe or American Indian born in Canada; certification from the HHS Office of Refugee Resettlement (ORR); an HHS ORR eligibility letter (if under 18); and documents indicating withholding of removal (or "withholding of deportation").

Here are a few common examples.

**Tribal Identification**
Here’s a Tribal Identification card. This can be issued to any currently enrolled tribal member and has no age requirements.

Also shown is a document from a tribe that declares an individual is a member of an Indian tribe.
Office of Refugee Resettlement
An ORR eligibility letter is a letter from the Office of Refugee Resettlement that certifies a refugee or asylee is eligible for services.

A Resident of American Samoa card is a card showing an individual is a resident of, or lives in, American Samoa.

Key Points
Here are the key points:

• You can help consumers prepare and submit Marketplace applications.
• You should ask consumers about their health coverage needs and consider those needs throughout the application and enrollment process.
• Consumers need to provide personal information to the FFMs, including the citizenship or immigration status of each individual within the household who’s applying for coverage.
• Each individual who is applying for help paying for coverage will also need to provide their household income and indicate whether they have access to other health coverage. The FFMs protect the privacy and security of this information.
• The FFMs verify consumers’ information using trusted data sources. This information is only used by the FFMs to determine consumers' eligibility for coverage and programs to lower their costs.
• You should help consumers identify any documents you expect will be necessary to complete the eligibility application before they begin their applications.

Summary
Congratulations on completing the Preparing to Apply module of the Assister Readiness Webinar series.

Please proceed to the next Week 1 module, Creating and Submitting Applications.

Also, feel free to visit the Assister Readiness Webinar Series resources listed here, including training materials for Navigators and other assisters and the assister webinars page.

Next:
Next Week 1 module: Creating and Submitting Applications

Visit:
Assister Readiness Webinar Series Resources

For topical questions about this presentation:
Navigators please contact your Project Officer directly

CACs can email the CAC Inbox at CACquestions@cms.hhs.gov

Training materials for Navigators and other assisters:


We will host a LIVE webinar to recap the content presented in this week’s modules and answer your questions. Check your email for information on the day and time of the event.

We hope you will join us then!