## **Department of Health and Human Services**

## DEPARTMENTAL APPEALS BOARD

## **Civil Remedies Division**

Center for Tobacco Products,

Complainant

v.

Sonny's Place LLC,

Respondent.

Docket No. C-13-394 FDA Docket No. FDA-2013-H-0142

Decision No. CR2740

Date: March 29, 2013

## INITIAL DECISION AND DEFAULT JUDGMENT

The Center for Tobacco Products (CTP) filed an Administrative Complaint (Complaint) against Respondent, Sonny's Place LLC, alleging facts and legal authority sufficient to justify the imposition of a civil money penalty of \$250. Respondent did not timely answer the Complaint, nor did Respondent request an extension of time within which to file an Answer. Therefore, I enter a default judgment against Respondent and assess a civil money penalty of \$250.

CTP began this case by serving the Complaint on Respondent and filing a copy of the Complaint with the Food and Drug Administration's (FDA) Division of Dockets Management. The Complaint alleges that Respondent failed to sell cigarettes or smokeless tobacco exclusively in a face-to-face manner, failed to remove violative items from its establishment, and utilized a vending machine in a non-exempt facility, thereby violating the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act (Act), 21 U.S.C. § 301 *et seq.*, and its implementing regulations, Cigarettes and

Smokeless Tobacco, 21 C.F.R. Part 1140 (2012). CTP seeks a civil money penalty of \$250.

On February 15, 2013, CTP served the Complaint on Respondent by United Parcel Service, pursuant to 21 C.F.R. §§ 17.5 and 17.7. In the Complaint and accompanying cover letter, CTP explained that within 30 days, Respondent should pay the proposed penalty, file an answer, or request an extension of time within which to file an Answer. CTP warned Respondent that if it failed to take one of these actions within 30 days, an Administrative Law Judge could, pursuant to 21 C.F.R. § 17.11, issue an initial decision ordering Respondent to pay the full amount of the proposed penalty.

Respondent has not filed an answer within the time provided by regulation, nor has it timely requested an extension. Pursuant to 21 C.F.R. § 17.11(a), I am required to "assume the facts alleged in the [C]omplaint to be true" and, if those facts establish liability under the Act, issue a default judgment and impose a civil money penalty. Accordingly, I must determine whether the allegations in the Complaint establish violations of the Act.

Specifically, CTP alleges the following facts in its Complaint:

- Respondent owns Sonny's Place, an establishment that sells tobacco products and is located at 17 North Locust Street, Dexter, MO 63841.
  Complaint ¶ 2.
- On October 21, 2011, an FDA-commissioned inspector observed two violations at Respondent's establishment. The inspector observed a violation for failure to sell cigarettes or smokeless tobacco in a direct, face-to-face exchange without the assistance of any electronic or mechanical device in a facility that does not ensure that no person younger than 18 years of age is present or permitted to enter, at any time. The inspector also observed a violation for failure to ensure that all violative items are removed or brought into compliance with the requirements of 21 C.F.R. Part 1140. Complaint ¶ 9.
- On January 19, 2012, CTP issued a Warning Letter to Respondent regarding the inspector's observations from October 21, 2011. The letter explained that the observations constituted violations of regulations found at 21 C.F.R. §§ 1140.14(c) and 1140.14(e), and that the named violations were not necessarily intended to be an exhaustive list of all violations at the establishment. The Warning Letter went on to state that failure to correct the violation could result in the imposition of a civil money penalty or other

regulatory action by the FDA and that Respondent is responsible for complying with the law. *Id*.

- FDA received no response to the Warning Letter from Respondent, though United Parcel Service records demonstrate that an individual named "GREEN" received the Warning Letter on January 20, 2012. Complaint ¶ 10.
- On June 25, 2012, FDA commissioned inspectors observed an additional violation at Respondent's establishment. The inspectors observed that "the establishment has a vending machine offering cigarettes" and that it "does not qualify as one where minors are not permitted to enter at any time." Complaint ¶ 1.

These facts establish that Respondent is liable under the Act. The Act prohibits misbranding of a tobacco product. 21 U.S.C. § 331(k). A tobacco product is misbranded if distributed or offered for sale in any state in violation of regulations issued under section 906(d) of the Act. 21 U.S.C. § 387c(a)(7)(B); 21 C.F.R § 1140.1(b). The Secretary issued the regulations at 21 C.F.R. Part 1140 under section 906(d) of the Act. 21 U.S.C. 387(a); see 21 U.S.C. § 387f(d)(1); 75 Fed. Reg. 13,229 (Mar. 10, 2010). The regulations require retailers to sell cigarettes or smokeless tobacco exclusively in a direct, face-to-face exchange without the assistance of any mechanical device in a facility that does not ensure that no person younger than 18 years of age is present or permitted to enter, at any time. 21 C.F.R. §§ 1140.14(c) and 1140.16(c)(2)(ii). They also require retailers to ensure that all items that are located in the retailer's establishment that do not comply with the requirements of 21 C.F.R. Part 1140, are removed or are brought into compliance. 21 C.F.R. § 1140.14(e).

Taking the above alleged facts as true, Respondent had three violations of regulations contained in 21 C.F.R. Part 1140 within an eight month period. Specifically, Respondent had two violations on October 21, 2011, and a violation on June 25, 2012. Therefore, Respondent's actions constitute violations of law for which a civil money penalty is merited.

The regulations require the imposition of a civil money penalty in the amount that is either the maximum provided for by law or the amount sought in the Complaint, whichever is smaller. 21 C.F.R. § 17.11(a)(1)-(2). The regulations currently allow a maximum penalty of \$500 for three violations within an eight month period. 21 C.F.R. § 17.2. CTP, however, has requested a fine in the amount of \$250. Therefore, I find that a civil money penalty of \$250 is warranted and so order one imposed.

/s/ Steven T. Kessel Administrative Law Judge