



Office of Recovery Act Coordination

Department of Health and Human Services
Office of the Assistant Secretary for Financial Resources

Recovery Act:

Georgia Highlights



Since the enactment of the Recovery Act in 2009, the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services has made **\$2.5 billion in stimulus funds available in the State of Georgia*** for Community Health Centers, universities and other institutions in the State to provide fiscal relief, improve and expand access to health care, provide child care and other social services for its most vulnerable citizens, establish the infrastructure for health information technology, and conduct scientific research.

This includes:

- **\$1.8 billion** for the increased Federal share (FMAP) of State Medicaid costs.
- **\$199.6 million** for scientific research, equipment, and facilities, including:
 - **\$14.9 million** for a facility to research infectious diseases and develop immune therapies for bone marrow, organ, and tissue transplants at Emory University.
 - **\$9.9 million** for a facility to support multi-disciplinary collaborations at Morehouse School of Medicine.
- **\$120.7 million** for Temporary Assistance for Needy Families (TANF), including **\$69.2 million** for subsidized employment programs.
- **\$82.8 million** for the Child Care and Development Fund to increase access to child care and improve quality.
- **\$59 million** for Early Head Start and Head Start programs to expand and improve quality.
- **\$38.5 million** for health information technology (IT), including:
 - **\$3.2 million** for Georgia's Medicaid Electronic Health Record incentive program for implementation and payments to providers and hospitals.
- **\$37.3 million** for Community Health Center construction, renovation, equipment, and health IT, including:
 - **\$8.2 million** for the Palmetto Health Council and **\$3.3 million** for Southwest Georgia Health Care in Richland, for new service sites, increased demand, construction, and equipment.
 - **\$1.4 million** for the Georgia Association for Primary Health Care for health IT.
- **\$26.9 million** for the Community Services Block Grant to community action agencies to help low-income people become self-sufficient.
- **\$5.3 million** for State immunization programs.
- **\$3.6 million** to support 78 National Health Service Corps clinicians providing primary health care in Health Professional Shortage Areas.
- **\$3.2 million** for the Communities Putting Prevention to Work initiative for the DeKalb County Board of Health for tobacco prevention programs.
- **\$2.4 million** for meals and nutrition services for the elderly.
- **\$2.3 million** to help strengthen community nonprofit groups.
- **\$1.1 million** to fight healthcare-associated infections.
- **\$905,000** to support programs at the community level to help seniors better self-manage their chronic diseases.

**The total funding in this document is based on the HHS Sept. 30, 2011, Financial and Activity Report (FAR) for the Recovery Act, available at the Department's website, <http://www.hhs.gov/recovery/reports/index.html>, except for FMAP, which is based on the Oct. 21, 2011, FAR and FMAP obligations of \$249.8 million in Recovery Act funds extended by P.L. 111-226. The highlights are a selection of programs funded by the Recovery Act and do not add up to the total funding within the State. For more information about individual HHS programs and Recovery Act funding, see <http://www.hhs.gov/recovery/>.*